(i) Printed Pages: 4]

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(ii) Questions :8]

Sub. Code : 0 2 4 1

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### B.A./B.Sc. (General) 3rd Semester Examination

1127

# MATHEMATICS (Advanced Calculus-I) Paper : I

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 30

Note:— Attempt five questions in all, selecting at least two questions from each Section. All questions carry equal marks.

#### Section-I

1. (a) Show that the function:

$$f(x, y) = \frac{x^2y^2}{x^2y^2+(x-y)^2},$$

the two repeated limits at (0, 0) exist and are equal, but the simultaneous limit does not exist.

**NA-53** 

(1)

Tum Over

- (b) Show that the function f(x, y) = |x| + |y| is continuous at the origin.
- 2. (a) If  $u = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 2xy + y^2}}$ , show that :  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[ (1 x^2) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( y^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) = 0$ 
  - (b) If Z is function of x and y prove that if  $x = e^{u} + e^{-v}, y = e^{-u} e^{v}, \text{ then } \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}$  $= x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}.$
- 3. (a) Show that  $f(x, y) = \cos x + \cos y$  is differentiable at every point of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .
  - (b) For the function  $\oint x^2 y^3 z^4$ , find the directional derivative of  $\phi$  at (2, 3, 1) in the direction making equal angles with x, y and z-axis.
- 4. (a) If  $\overrightarrow{f} = x^2yz \, \hat{i} 2xz^3 \, \hat{j} + xz^2 \, \hat{k}$  and  $\overrightarrow{g} = 2z \, \hat{i} + y \, \hat{j} x^2 \, \hat{k}$ , then find the value  $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} (\overrightarrow{f} \times \overrightarrow{g}) \text{ at point } (2, 0, -3).$

**NA-53** 

(2)

(b) Find constants a, b, c so that  $\overrightarrow{F} = (x+2y+az)\hat{i} + (bx-3y-z)\hat{j} + (4x+cy+2z)\hat{k}$  is irrotational.

#### Section-II

- 5. (a) If H = f(x, y, z) is a homogeneous function of x, y and z of degree n then  $x \frac{\partial H}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial H}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial H}{\partial z} = nH$ .
  - (b) State Taylor's theorem for the function of two variables and use this to expand for  $f(x, y) = e^{xy}$  at (1, 1) upto third term.
- 6. (a) If  $u^3 + v + w = x + y^2 + z^2$ ,  $u + v^3 + w = x^2 + y + z^2$ ,  $u + v + w^3 = x^2 + y^2 + z$ ,

prove that:

$$\frac{\partial(u,v,w)}{\partial(x,y,z)} = \frac{1 - 4(xy + yz + zx) + 16xyz}{2 - 3(u^2 + v^2 + w^2) + 27u^2v^2w^2}$$

**NA-53** 

(3)

**Turn Over** 

(b) Show that 
$$u = x + y + z$$
,  
 $v = yz + zx + xy$ ,  
 $w = x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$ 

are not independent of one another also find the relation between them.

7. (a) Find the envelope of the family of lines:

$$\frac{ax}{\cos\theta} - \frac{by}{\sin\theta} = a^2 - b^2,$$

 $\theta$  being the parameter.

- (b) Find the centre of curvature of the rectangular hyperbola  $xy = a^2$  and deduce the equation of its evolute.
- 8. (a) Find the maximum and minimum values of the function:

$$f(x, y) = \sin x + \sin y + \sin (x + y)$$

(b) Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$  be defined by f(x, y, z) = xyz. Determine x, y, z for maximum of f subject to condition xy + 2yz + 2zx = 108.

NA-53

(4)

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